



**TechRate**  
AUDIT COMPANY

# AtlasUSV

## Smart Contract Security Audit

# Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice as at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the below disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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The analysis of the security is purely based on the smart contracts alone. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

# Background

TechRate was commissioned by AtlasUSV to perform an audit of smart contracts on commit:

<https://github.com/AtlasUSV/atlas-contracts/commit/ab8a2b63cb1b0d8b7fb84279aabdead4befd0cdc>

The purpose of the audit was to achieve the following:

- Ensure that the smart contract functions as intended.
- Identify potential security issues with the smart contract.

The information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of the smart contract, and as a guide to improve the security posture of the smart contract by remediating the issues that were identified.

# Issues Checking Status

Issue description	Checking status
1. Compiler errors.	Passed
2. Race conditions and Reentrancy. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
3. Possible delays in data delivery.	Passed
4. Oracle calls.	Passed
5. Front running.	Passed
6. Timestamp dependence.	Passed
7. Integer Overflow and Underflow.	Passed
8. DoS with Revert.	Passed
9. DoS with block gas limit.	Low issues
10. Methods execution permissions.	Passed
11. Economy model of the contract.	Passed
12. The impact of the exchange rate on the logic.	Passed
13. Private user data leaks.	Passed
14. Malicious Event log.	Passed
15. Scoping and Declarations.	Passed
16. Uninitialized storage pointers.	Passed
17. Arithmetic accuracy.	Passed
18. Design Logic.	Low issues
19. Cross-function race conditions.	Passed
20. Safe Open Zeppelin contracts implementation and usage.	Passed
21. Fallback function security.	Passed

# Security Issues

## ✓ High Severity Issues

No high severity issues found.

## ✓ Medium Severity Issues

No medium severity issues found.

## ✓ Low Severity Issues

### 1. Unpredicted value comparison (BarterDepository, wETHBarterDepository)

Issue:

- The function `deposit()` compare `totalDebt` with `terms.maxDebt`, without adding the value to it.

Recommendation:

Compare predicted value to avoid exceeding limit.

### 2. Out of gas

Issue (RedeemHelper):

- The function `redeemAll()` uses the loop to iterate through `barters` list. Function will be aborted with `OUT_OF_GAS` exception if there will be a long addresses list.

Recommendation:

Check that the `barters` array length is not too big.

Issue (StakingDistributor):

- The function `nextRewardFor()` uses the loop to iterate through `info` lists. Function will be aborted with `OUT_OF_GAS` exception if there will be a long list.

Recommendation:

Check that the `info` array length is not too big.

Issue (Treasury):

- The function `auditReserves()` uses the loop to iterate through `reserveTokens` and `liquidityTokens` list. Function will be aborted with `OUT_OF_GAS` exception if there will be a long addresses list.
- The function `listContains()` uses the loop to iterate through `_list` address list. Function will be aborted with `OUT_OF_GAS` exception if there will be a long addresses list.

**Recommendation:**

Check that the arrays' length is not too big.

**Notes:**

- (Staking) claim() function removes warmupInfo for recipient if epoch.number >= info.expiry and user deposit value stays unaccounted.

**Owner privileges (In the period when the owner is not renounced)**

- **BarterDepository, wETHBarterDepository:**
  - Policy address can initialize and change barter terms.
  - Policy address can change adjustment params.
  - Policy address can change staking settings.
- **RedeemHelper:**
  - Policy address can add/remove barter addresses.
- **Staking:**
  - Manager address can change distributor, warmup and locker addresses.
  - Manager address can change warmup period.
- **StakingDistributor:**
  - Policy address can add/remove recipient addresses.
  - Policy address can change adjustment params.
- **sUniversalERC20:**
  - Manager address can change INDEX value.
- **Treasury:**
  - Manager address can recalculate totalReserves.
  - Manager address can update block numbers by managing params.
  - Manager address can verify queue and set bool in managing mappings.
- **UniversalERC20Token:**
  - Owner can change vault address.
  - Vault address can mint.

# Conclusion

Smart contracts contain low severity issues!

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***TechRate note:***

***Please check the disclaimer above and note, the audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability. The report is provided for the only contract mentioned in the report and does not include any other potential contracts deployed by Owner.***